

Rebuilding organisational culture post-COVID 19

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How do we ensure that the best of pre-Covid culture is brought into the future and the worst of is left behind?

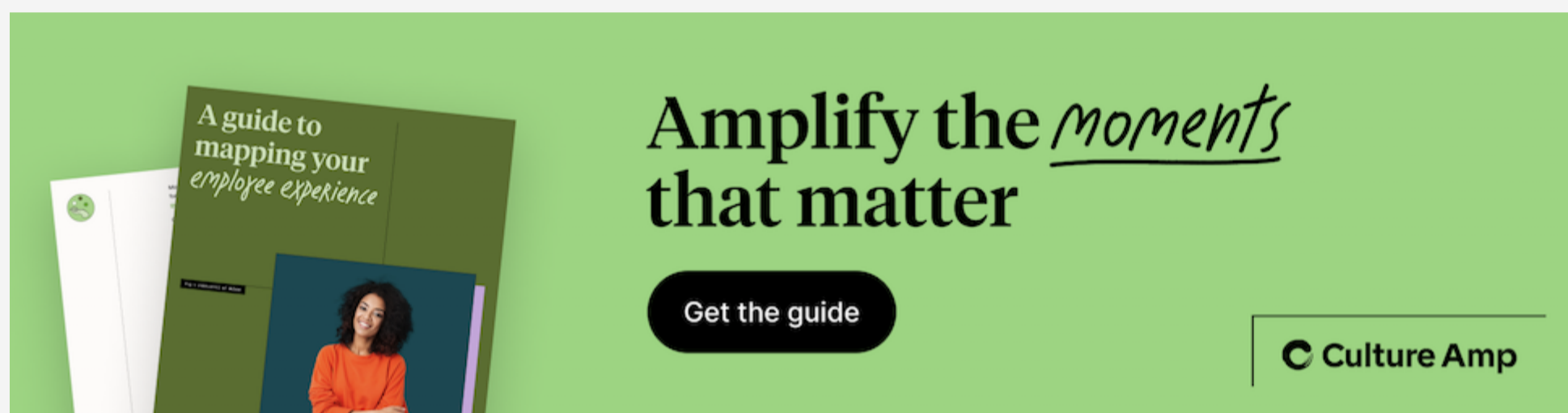


BY Fiona Robertson / 30 Jun 2020 / Share

We've turned our attention to what's next. Our organisational cultures are changing as a result of Covid-19. It will happen by accident or we can choose to make it deliberate. But we have to notice before we can choose.

Culture is the rules of belonging. The rules of belonging are based on the behaviours that increase a person's status and acceptance in a particular group at a particular time. Our pre-Covid organisations already had a set of rules that dictated what earned or lost belonging in the group. If you want to change the culture, you need to change the rules of belonging.

How do we ensure that the best of our pre-Covid culture is brought forward into the future and the worst of it is left behind? By being deliberate.



Thinking through the changes in our strategy (who are we serving; what are we providing to them; how are we delivering it) must also see us thinking through the behaviours we want to see more of and less of to make our new strategy successful.

Then we must find ways to ensure the new behaviours are safer than the old. This will require explicit conversations about what to keep, what to change and how we're going to create, demonstrate and celebrate the new normal.

Read more:

<https://www.hcamag.com/nz/specialisation/employee-engagement/why-good-culture-means-good-business/225135>

Humans are exceptionally tribal

Remember that we humans are monkeys in shoes. Our brains haven't changed in 80,000 years and are threat-detection, pattern-recognition machines designed to keep us safe. We are hardwired to connect to others in groups, to belong, which makes us exceptionally tribal creatures.

Psychologists Baumeister and Leary did significant research on belonging and attachment and concluded, like many others, that belonging was an essential human motivator found in all cultures. Their research also showed that we are more likely to bond with those near us, over those who may live some distance away but are more similar (frequency of physical presence trumps having the same interests every time).



The image is a promotional banner for RewardGateway. On the left, the logo features a stylized grid of dots above the text 'RewardGateway' and 'the employee engagement people'. Below this, the main headline reads 'Attract & Retain - Gain a competitive advantage' in large white font. Underneath the headline is a dark blue button with the text 'Get your EVP essentials'. On the right side of the banner, there is a photograph of a man with glasses and a backpack, looking at his smartphone. Surrounding him are several colorful icons: a yellow speech bubble, a magnifying glass over a document, a purple shopping bag, a white trophy, a piggy bank, and puzzle pieces, all connected by plus signs.

We can actively nudge culture in the right direction

We can use our tribalism in a number of ways to help create our new culture. First, we can identify the people who are already exhibiting the behaviours we want to see more of to help us accelerate the execution of our new strategy and, wherever possible, put them back into the physical environment before anyone else.

They will set the new rules of belonging, the new culture of the group, and others will start to adopt the behaviours that are successful in the core group as they re-join. There is never going to be a better opportunity to do this.

Read more:

<https://www.hcamag.com/au/specialisation/corporate-wellness/why-building-a-caring-culture-is-critical-and-how-hr-can-influence-this/164749>

Second, we can think carefully about the existing tribes (silos) and decide whether we want to reinforce them by bringing back intact teams in their entirety or take the opportunity to create new tribes that cut across existing silos. The gold standard would be mapping out our re-imagined value chain, identifying the links where the current relationships are the weakest and bringing back people from both sides of that link, to strengthen those relationships early.

Third, we can use social rewards (sometimes called relational rewards) to reinforce what the new 'good' looks like, the new rules of belonging. What do I mean by a social reward? I mean one that makes it clear the person receiving it has earned greater belonging in the group. Examples include opportunities to hang out with the senior leaders more often; invitations to meetings or other events they would not normally be entitled to attend; symbols of greater status or belonging.

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As we re-think our strategies, we must simultaneously re-think our cultures. A new strategy without the culture to execute it is just a piece of paper.

Fiona Robertson is the former Head of Culture for the National Australia Bank and a culture change and leadership speaker, facilitator, coach and author. Her first book, 'Rules of Belonging - change your organisational culture, delight your people and turbo-charge your results', is published by Major Street Publishing in July.

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